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GENERAL NOTES

DENDROICA CERULEA IN WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA IN SUMMER.

The cerulean warbler does not appear to be common or generally distributed in the western North Carolina mountains during the breeding season. There is, so far as the writer is aware, only a single previous breeding record, that of Mr. Arthur T. Wayne, who found several individuals near Morganton, North Carolina, on May 28, 1909 (Auk, XXVII, January, 1910, pp. 84-85). The writer has in his possession a specimen of this species shot by Mr. P. M. Wilson in the "Pink Beds," Pisgah Forest, Transylvania County, North Carolina, on July 17, 1906. This bird is a juvenal female, and since it is in first autumn plumage, probably came from a nest somewhere in that vicinity, and therefore forms the second breeding record for the State. This example, as will be noted, was collected three years before Mr. Wayne's observations above noted were recorded, but for various reasons has hitherto failed of published record.

HARRY C. OBERHOLSER.

ANOTHER CINNAMON TEAL IN NORTH DAKOTA.

Authentic records of Querquedula cyanoptera for North Dakota are still sufficiently few to make worth while the publication of any additional specimens. Through the courtesy of Mr. J. D. Allen, the writer was privileged, during a recent visit to the State, to examine an adult example of this species then in Mr. Allen's possession, which had been taken by him at Mandan, North Dakota, October 10, 1902.

HARRY C. OBERHOLSER.

OTOCORIS ALPESTRIS HOYTI IN OHIO.

While the Hoyt Horned Lark (Octocoris alpestris hoyti) is known to occur in Ohio, there are aparently not over half a dozen specimens actually recorded from the State. It may be worth while, therefore, to place upon record an additional example which recently came to light in the collection of the United States National Museum, and which was originally No. 2164 in the private collection of Dr. Edgar A. Mearns, but is now No. 235158, U. S. Nat. Mus. It is an adult male, and was taken by Dr. Mearns at Circleville, Ohio, on November 26, 1880. The length in the flesh is given as 7.75 inches, and the extent as 14.10 inches. Other com-